



Measurements

Significant Figures

Rounding

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There is no such thing as a perfect measurement

All measurements have errors

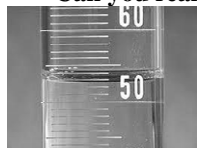
Calculators display meaningless digits





Reporting  $10^{-10}$  values  
Data only good to  $10^{-1}$

Can you really measure 0.000000001 ml?



For this graduate Cylinder:  
Doubtful digit: tenth place (52.9 ml), so  
Any digit past tenths place is meaningless  
Any digit past tenths place is invalid  
Any digit past tenths place is fraud

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Random Measurements



True Value

Accuracy	Low Accuracy	Low Accuracy	High Accuracy	High Accuracy
Precision	Low Precision	High Precision	Low Precision	High Precision

Values not clustered and do not represent true value

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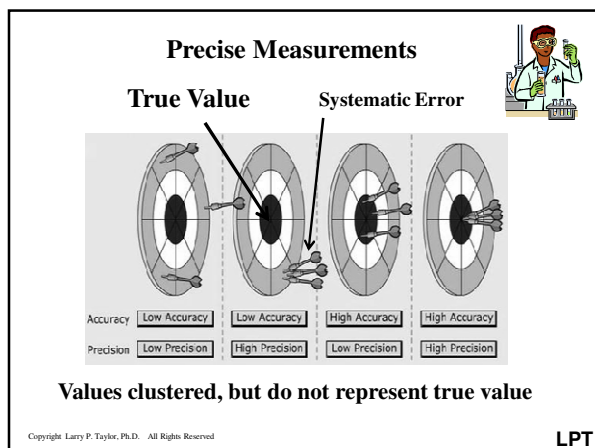
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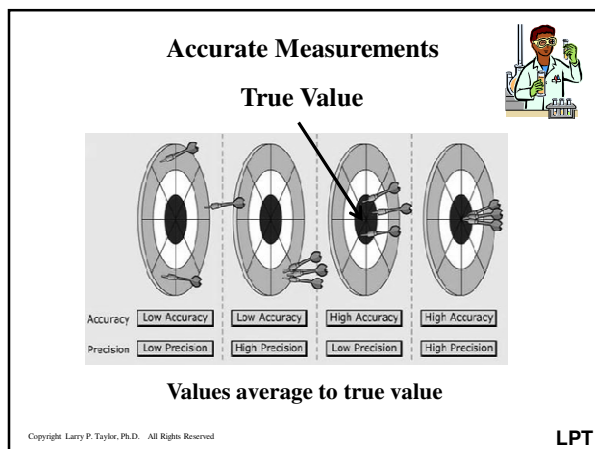
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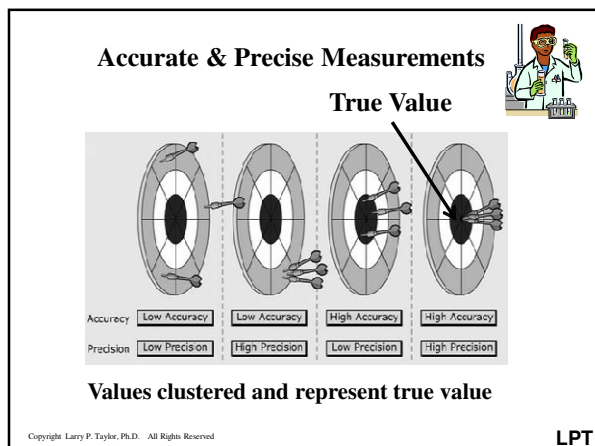
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## Significant Figures:



Indicate the degree of certainty (*precision*) in a measured quantity or in a calculated result

All the digits that are known  
plus  
the first uncertain digit (*doubtful digit*) in a measurement



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All measurements have a doubtful (estimated) digit

Somewhere between 2.1 and 2.2  
(2.16 cm)



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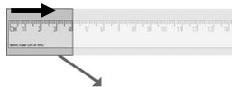
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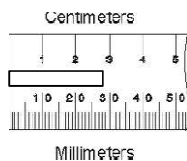
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## Reported Digits Convey Measurement Quality



Always estimate to  
One decimal place  
beyond measuring device marks

2.9 cm Implies ruler has 10 marks between 2 & 3; 9 is doubtful  
2.94 cm Implies ruler has 100 marks between 2 & 3; 4 is doubtful



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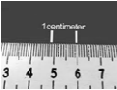
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### Lab Measurements



**Distance (cm) measurements: 2 decimal digits**



**Mass measurements: all decimal digits**



**Volume (ml) measurements: 1 or 2 decimal digits  
(depends on cylinder markings)**

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### Never Round Data

**Always record digits displayed**  
**On instruments, last digit displayed is doubtful**



**If multiple measurements are used in calculations:**  
**errors in measurements are multiplied (propagated)**  
**magnitude of error may exceed ability to measure**  
**large error invalidates the experiment**



**Round Only after last calculation is completed**

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### Certain & Doubtful Digits

	<u>Certain</u>	<u>Doubtful</u>
15.25 cm	15.2	5
894.22 g	894.2	2
1.7 L	1	7
36.94 mL	36.9	4
3.1 mg	3	1

**Always last digit to the right in a measurement**

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### Exact Numbers

Numbers that are determined by counting or by definition ("per" expressions (conversion factors) are exact)

contain no uncertainty

have infinite ( $\infty$ ) or unlimited significant figures.

Examples:

25

18 apples

2.54 cm = 1 in



100 cm = 1 m

6 students

491 cars

12 in = 1 ft

1000 g = 1 kg



Significant figures do not apply to exact numbers

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Quantity	Exact or Measured	Estimated Digit
6.27 meters		
15 students		
1.94 liters		
8,295 kg		
2.54 cm $\equiv$ 1 inch		
0.348 cm		
16		
45.0 mL		
1000 mg $\equiv$ 1 g		

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Quantity	Exact or Measured	Estimated Digit
6.27 meters	Measured	7
15 students	Exact	
1.94 liters	Measured	4
8,295 kg	Measured	5
2.54 cm $\equiv$ 1 inch	Exact	
0.348 cm	Measured	8
16	Exact	
45.0 mL	Measured	0
1000 mg $\equiv$ 1 g	Exact	

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## Significant Figures

Begin with the first nonzero digit and end with the doubtful digit.  
The location of the decimal point has nothing to do with significant figures.

### Nonzero digits

78,391 km (5 figures) 422.8 gal (4 figures)

### Leading zeros - never

0.000391 m (3 figures) 0.00255 g (3 figures)

### Captive zeros

7,503 lbs (4 figures) 100,038 cm (6 figures)

### Trailing decimal point zeros

14,000 kg (2 figures) 15.60 mL (4 figures) 160. mm (3 figures)

### Exact numbers -unlimited

100 cm  $\equiv$  1 m 60 s  $\equiv$  1 min 200 cars



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## How many significant figures in:

18.043 m  
1,000 km  
1,000. mg  
0.000667 L  
90.800 tons  
35  
35 mL  
0.0500700 g  
9.360  $\times 10^4$  s  
8,628,000 cm  
439.00 mL  
1 mL  $\equiv$  1 cm



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## How many significant figures in:

18.043 m 5  
1,000 km 1  
1,000. mg 4  
0.000667 L 3  
90.800 tons 5  
35 -  
35 mL 2  
0.0500700 g 6  
9.360  $\times 10^4$  s 4  
8,628,000 cm 4  
439.00 mL 5  
1 mL  $\equiv$  1 cm -



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## Zeros

can be the doubtful digit  
can be used to show the decimal

use scientific notation to indicate significant figures:

ex: distance between the earth and the sun is 150,000,000 km

$1.5 \times 10^8$  km      2 significant

$1.50 \times 10^8$  km      3 significant

$1.500 \times 10^8$  km      4 significant



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Indicate if the underlined zero is significant:

0.050800 kg

0.008070 km

0.050800 kg

0.008070 km

0.050800 kg

0.008070 km

0.050800 kg

0.008070 km

0.050800 kg

0.008070 km



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Indicate if the underlined zero is significant:

0.050800 kg

n

0.008070 km

n

0.050800 kg

n

0.008070 km

n

0.050800 kg

y

0.008070 km

n

0.050800 kg

y

0.008070 km

y

0.050800 kg

y

0.008070 km

y



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Re-write the quantity 40,000 mg

to show 1 sig. fig.  $4 \times 10^4$  mg  
to show 2 sig. fig.  $4.0 \times 10^4$  mg  
to show 3 sig. fig.  $4.00 \times 10^4$  mg  
to show 4 sig. fig.  $4.000 \times 10^4$  mg



Re-write the quantity 9,340,000,000,000 ps

to show 3 sig. fig.  $9.34 \times 10^{12}$  ps  
to show 4 sig. fig.  $9.340 \times 10^{12}$  ps  
to show 5 sig. fig.  $9.3400 \times 10^{12}$  ps  
to show 6 sig. fig.  $9.34000 \times 10^{12}$  ps

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## Rounding Off



Calculators may contain digits that are not significant

If the first digit to be dropped is less than 5, leave the digit before it unchanged.

If the first digit to be dropped is 5 or more, increase the digit before it by 1.

**Round ONLY at the end of calculations**

5.324657894

3 significant = 5.32

4 significant = 5.325

5 significant = 5.3247



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## Problems

Round 5.43 g 0.0448 m to 2 sig. figs.

5.4 g 0.045 m

Round each of the following to 3 significant figures:

16.8477 L

16.8 L

5.6732 g

5.67 g

0.14986 L

0.150 L

861.85 kg

862 kg

$4.203 \times 10^4$  km

$4.20 \times 10^4$  km

$5.09810 \times 10^{-3}$  mm

$5.10 \times 10^{-3}$  mm

0.00318756 m

0.00319 m

0.09025011 cm<sup>3</sup>

0.0903 cm<sup>3</sup>



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### Calculations - Multiplication & Division

Round answer to the smallest number of sig. fig. in any factor

$$4.62 \text{ m} \times 3.1 \text{ m} = 14.322 \text{ m}^2 \quad (14 \text{ m}^2)$$

$$248.37 \text{ in} \times \frac{2.54 \text{ cm}}{\text{in}} = 630.8598 \text{ cm} \quad (630.86 \text{ cm})$$

$$\frac{6.230 \text{ g}}{8.12 \text{ mL}} \times 5 = 3.836207 \text{ g/mL} \quad (3.84 \text{ g/mL})$$



Failure to round to correct number of digits:  
Major factor in loss of exam points!

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### Calculations - Addition & Subtraction

Round off the answer to the first column that has a doubtful digit

$$\begin{array}{r} 2.22 \text{ cm} \\ 3.9 \text{ cm} \\ + 8.9382 \text{ cm} \\ \hline 15.0582 \text{ cm} \\ (15.1 \text{ cm}) \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 15.85 \text{ g} \\ - 9.4052 \text{ g} \\ \hline 6.4448 \text{ g} \\ (6.44 \text{ g}) \end{array}$$



Failure to round to correct number of digits:  
Major factor in loss of exam points!

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### Calculate to the correct number of significant figures

$$\frac{2.2745 \text{ g}}{3.40 \text{ cm} \times 8.1 \text{ cm} \times 7.090 \text{ cm}} = 0.0116487 \text{ g/cm}^3 \quad (0.012 \text{ g/cm}^3)$$

$$95.34 \text{ cm}^3 \times \frac{21.3 \text{ g}}{\text{cm}^3} = 2030.74 \text{ g} \quad (2030 \text{ g})$$

$$58.953 \text{ g} \times \frac{\text{mL}}{0.877 \text{ g}} = 67.2212 \text{ mL} \quad (67.2 \text{ mL})$$

$$\frac{36.0059 \text{ g}}{13.3 \text{ cm}^3} = 2.70721 \text{ g/cm}^3 \quad (2.71 \text{ g/cm}^3)$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 95.202 \text{ g} \\ 12.33 \text{ g} \\ + 40.9556 \text{ g} \\ \hline 148.4876 \text{ g} \quad (148.49) \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{r} 42.75 \text{ g} \\ - 40.8356 \text{ g} \\ \hline 1.9144 \text{ g} \quad (1.91 \text{ g}) \end{array}$$



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## Calculation with Many Conversions



Physiologists suggest that people “burn” 15.0 kcals climbing a flight of stairs and 5.0 kcals descending a flight of stairs. If 3500 kcals represents a pound of fat, how many pounds of fat are lost during a 15 week semester using the stairs (instead of an elevator) for a CEM 101 class that meets on the third floor twice a week?

$$\frac{20.0 \text{ kcal}}{\text{story}} \times \frac{3 \text{ stories}}{\text{day}} \times \frac{2 \text{ days}}{\text{week}} \times \frac{15 \text{ weeks}}{\text{semester}} \times \frac{\text{pounds fat}}{3500 \text{ kcal}} = ? \frac{\text{lbs fat}}{\text{semester}}$$



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## Calculation with Many Conversions



Physiologists suggest that people “burn” 15.0 kcals climbing a flight of stairs and 5.0 kcals descending a flight of stairs. If 3500 kcals represents a pound of fat, how many pounds of fat are lost during a 15 week semester using the stairs (instead of an elevator) for a CEM 101 class that meets on the third floor twice a week?

$$\frac{20.0 \text{ kcal}}{\text{story}} \times \frac{3 \text{ stories}}{\text{day}} \times \frac{2 \text{ days}}{\text{week}} \times \frac{15 \text{ weeks}}{\text{semester}} \times \frac{\text{pounds fat}}{3500 \text{ kcal}} = 0.514 \frac{\text{lbs fat}}{\text{semester}}$$



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## Calculation with Many Conversions



A sprinter does the 100.0 meter dash in 10.1 seconds. What is this speed in miles per hour?



Start with Given and Wanted:

$$\frac{100.0 \text{ m}}{10.1 \text{ sec}} = ? \text{ mi / hr}$$

“Cancel” units one at a time until left side unit = right side unit

$$\frac{100.0 \text{ m}}{10.1 \text{ sec}} \times \frac{100 \text{ cm}}{1 \text{ m}} \times \frac{1 \text{ inch}}{2.54 \text{ cm}} \times \frac{1 \text{ foot}}{12 \text{ in}} \times \frac{1 \text{ mile}}{5,280 \text{ ft}} \times \frac{60 \text{ sec}}{1 \text{ min}} \times \frac{60 \text{ min}}{1 \text{ hr}} = ? \text{ mi / hr}$$

Units the same on both sides of equal sign; do the math:

$$\frac{100.0 \text{ m}}{10.1 \text{ sec}} \times \frac{100 \text{ cm}}{1 \text{ m}} \times \frac{1 \text{ inch}}{2.54 \text{ cm}} \times \frac{1 \text{ foot}}{12 \text{ in}} \times \frac{1 \text{ mile}}{5,280 \text{ ft}} \times \frac{60 \text{ sec}}{1 \text{ min}} \times \frac{60 \text{ min}}{1 \text{ hr}} = 22.1479 \text{ mi / hr}$$

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### Calculation with Many Conversions

A sprinter does the 100.0 meter dash in 10.1 seconds.  
What is this speed in miles per hour?

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Round to 3 significant figures (dictated by the 10.1 sec term)

$$= 22.1 \text{ mi/ hr}$$

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### Calculation with Many Conversions

Insurance statistics state that a person loses 8.00 minutes of average life for each cigarette smoked. Over the next 25 years, how much life is lost on average for a person smoking 0.5 pack (10 cigarettes) a day for 25 years?  
Express this loss in both minutes and years.

Start with Given and Wanted:

$$\frac{10 \text{ cigarettes}}{\text{day}} = ? \text{ min}$$

“Cancel” units one at a time until left side unit = right side unit

$$\frac{10 \text{ cigarettes}}{\text{day}} \times \frac{365.25 \text{ days}}{\text{year}} \times \frac{8.00 \text{ min}}{\text{cigarette}} \times 25 \text{ years} = ? \text{ min}$$

Units the same on both sides of equal sign; do the math; round to 3 sig figs:

$$\frac{10 \text{ cigarettes}}{\text{day}} \times \frac{365.25 \text{ days}}{\text{year}} \times \frac{8.00 \text{ min}}{\text{cigarette}} \times 25 \text{ years} = ? \text{ min}$$

Continue (without isolating) converting to years

$$\frac{10 \text{ cigarettes}}{\text{day}} \times \frac{365.25 \text{ days}}{\text{year}} \times \frac{8.00 \text{ min}}{\text{cigarette}} \times \frac{1 \text{ hr}}{60 \text{ min}} \times \frac{1 \text{ day}}{24 \text{ hr}} \times \frac{1 \text{ year}}{365.25 \text{ days}} = ? \text{ years}$$

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$$\frac{10 \text{ cigarettes}}{\text{day}} \times \frac{365.25 \text{ days}}{\text{year}} \times \frac{8.00 \text{ min}}{\text{cigarette}} \times 25 \text{ years} = ? \text{ min}$$

Units the same on both sides of equal sign; do the math; round to 3 sig figs:

$$\frac{10 \text{ cigarettes}}{\text{day}} \times \frac{365.25 \text{ days}}{\text{year}} \times \frac{8.00 \text{ min}}{\text{cigarette}} \times 25 \text{ years} = 7.31 \times 10^5 \text{ min}$$

Continue (without isolating) converting to years

$$7.31 \times 10^5 \text{ min} \times \frac{1 \text{ hr}}{60 \text{ min}} \times \frac{1 \text{ day}}{24 \text{ hr}} \times \frac{1 \text{ year}}{365.25 \text{ days}} = 1.39 \text{ years}$$

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### TI Specific Problem



Some TI's auto delete trailing zeros  
1.300 (correct number of sig figs)  
May display as 1.3  
You must supply correct number of sig figs

For TI-84 Plus CE:  
Mode >> Answers  
Change "Auto" to "Dec"  
Hit Enter

This will display all digits  
User selects correct sig figs

**BE CAREFUL**  
**THIS MACHINE**  
**HAS NO BRAIN**  
**USE YOUR OWN**

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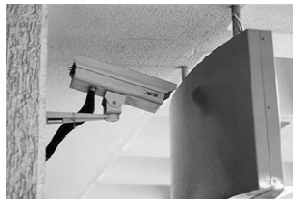
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### All Calculations Must be Rounded to Appropriate Sig Figs



**Failure to round to correct number of digits:**  
**Creates Undesirable Results!**

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